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100G OSFP28 PSM4 Transceiver Hot Pluggable, MPO / MTP, 1310nm DFB, SMF 2KM, DDM

Part Number: FQ28-K9-S13-02D



Overview

FQ28-K9-S13-02D is a parallel fiber optical transceiver module for 103.1Gbps data transmission applications at 1310nm. It is ideally suited for datacom & storage area network (SAN/NAS) applications based on IEEE 802.3ba 00GBASE-SR4 and ITU-T OTU-4 standard. Designed for short range multi-lane data communication, The QSFP28 full-duplex optical module with MPO-12 receptacle integrates four independent transmitter and receiver channels. Each capable 25.78125 operation for an aggregate data rate of 103.1Gbps up to SMF 2km optical links.

Applications

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- 100GBASE-LR4 Ethernet @103.1G
- Breakout to 4 x 25GBASE Ethernet 2km
- Data Centers Switch Interconnect
- Server and Storage Area Network Interconnect

Features

- Compliant with SFF-8636 QSFP28 MSA
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3bm CAUI-4 Interface
- 4 independent full-duplex channels
- Data Rate 25.78125Gbps per Lane
- Built in quad Tx CDR and Rx CDR
- Hot Pluggable QSFP28 footprint
- 4CH 1310nm DFB array transmitter
- 4CH PIN array receiver
- MPO-12 / MTP-12 optical connector
- 2-wire interface for management and diagnostic monitor compliant with SFF-8636
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Link distance 2km over SM fiber.
- Maximum power consumption 3.5W
- RoHS compliant

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Laser Safety

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- This is a Class 1 Laser Product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for conformance with IEC 60825-1 Ed. 3., as described in Laser Notice No. 56, dated May 8, 2019.
- Caution: Use of control or adjustments or performance of procedure other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-40	+85	°C
Storage Relative Humidity	RH	5	85	%
Supply Voltage	Vcc3	-0.5	+3.6	V

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Case Operating Temperature	Top	0	-	+70	°C
Supply Voltage	Vcc	+3.13	+3.3	+3.47	V
Data Rate, per Lane	DR		25.78125		Gb/s
Data Rate Accuracy	Δ DR	-100		+100	ppm
Bit Error Rate	BER			5x10 ⁻⁵	
Supply Current	Icc			1060	mA
Power Consumption	Р			3.5	W
Transceiver Power-on Initialization Time				2000	ms
Control Input Voltage High	VIH	2.0		Vcc	V
Control Input Voltage Low	VIL	GND		8.0	V
Control Output Voltage High	Vон	Vcc-0.5		Vcc	V
Control Output Voltage Low	Vol	GND		0.4	V

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Transmitter Electro-optical Characteristics

 V_{CC} = 3.13V to 3.47V, T_{OP} = 0 °C to 70 °C

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Operating Data Rate, per Lane	DR		25.78125		Gb/s	
Average Launch Power, per Lane	Pavg	-6.0	-0.5	+2.0	dBm	
Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA), per Lane	Рома	-5.0	-0.5	+2.2	dBm	1
Difference in Launch Power between any two Lanes (OMA)	P _{TX-DIFF}			5.0	dB	
Transmitter Dispersion Penalty, per Lane	TDP			2.9	dBm	
Launch Power in OMA minus Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty, per Lane	OMA- TDP	-4.3			dB	1
Optical Wavelength, each Lane	λc	1295	1310	1325	nm	1
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Optical Eye Mask { X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3 }		{ 0.31	, 0.4, 0.45,	0.34, 0.38,	0.4 }	2
Average Launch Power OFF, per Lane	Poff			-30	dBm	
Relative Intensity Noise (OMA)	RIN			-128	dB/Hz	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	ORLT			20	dB	
Transmitter Reflectance	R _{TX}			-12	dB	
Transmitter Eye Mask Margin	EMM	10			%	3
Input Differential Impedance	Zın	90	100	110	Ω	
Differential Data Input Voltage	VIN-PP	300		1100	mVpp	

Note1: Transmitter wavelength, RMS spectral width and launch power need to meet the OMA minus TDP specs to guarantee link performance.

Note2: Hit ratio 5x10⁻⁵ hits per sample.

Note3: The eye diagram is tested with 1000 waveform.

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Receiver Electro-optical Characteristics

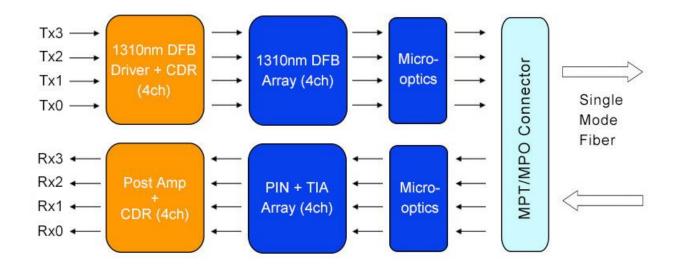
 V_{CC} = 3.13V to 3.47V, T_{OP} = 0 °C to 70 °C

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Operating Data Rate, per Lane	DR		25.78125		Gb/s	
Damage Threshold, per Lane	D тн	+3.0			dBm	1
Average Receive Power, per Lane	Prx-avg	-10.2		+2.5	dBm	
Receive Sensitivity (OMA), per Lane	SENoma			-11.35	dBm	2
Optical Wavelength, each Lane	λc	1295		1325	nm	
Receiver Reflectance	R _{RX}			-12	dB	
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-12	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOSHY	0.5			dB	
Output Differential Impedance	Zouт	90	100	110	Ω	
Differential Data Output Voltage	Vout-pp	300		800	mVpp	

Note1: The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.

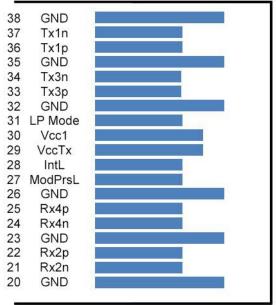
Note2: Measured with conformance test signal at receiver input for BER= 5x10⁻⁵.

Transceiver Block Diagram

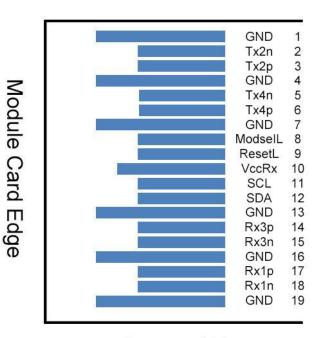


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Pin Assignment



Top Side Viewed From Top



Bottom Side Viewed From Bottom

Pin Description

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Pin	Logic	Name	Function / Description		
1		GND	Module Ground		
2	CML-I	Tx2n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input		
3	CML-I	Tx2p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input		
4		GND	Module Ground		
5	CML-I	Tx4n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input		
6	CML-I	Tx4p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input		
7		GND	Module Ground		
8	LVTLL-I	ModSelL	Module Select		
9	LVTLL-I	ResetL	Module Reset		
10		VccRx	+3.3V Power Supply Receiver		
11	LVCMOS-I/O	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock		
12	LVCMOS-I/O	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data		

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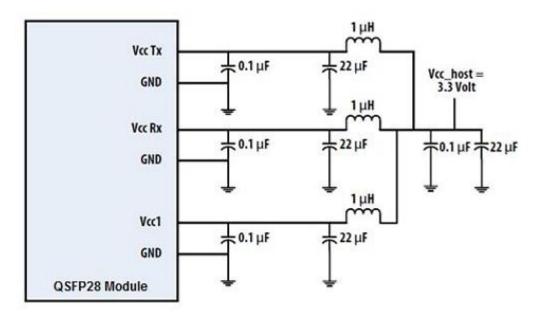
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13		GND	Module Ground
14	CML-O	Rx3p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output
15	CML-O	Rx3n	Receiver Inverted Data Output
16		GND	Module Ground
17	CML-O	Rx1p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output
18	CML-O	Rx1n	Receiver Inverted Data Output
19		GND	Module Ground
20		GND	Module Ground
21	CML-O	Rx2n	Receiver Inverted Data Output
22	CML-O	Rx2p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output
23		GND	Module Ground
24	CML-O	Rx4n	Receiver Inverted Data Output
25	CML-O	Rx4p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output
26		GND	Module Ground
27	LVTLL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present
28	LVTLL-O	IntL	Interrupt
29		VccTx	+3.3V Power Supply Transmitter
30		Vcc1	+3.3V Power Supply
31	LVTLL-I	LPMode	Low Power Mode
32		GND	Module Ground
33	CML-I	Тх3р	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input
34	CML-I	Tx3n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input
35		GND	Module Ground
36	CML-I	Tx1p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input
37	CML-I	Tx1n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input
38		GND	Module Ground

Note1: GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for QSFP28 modules. All are common within the QSFP28 module and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground lane.

Note2: VccRx, Vcc1 and VccTx are the receiver and transmitter power suppliers and shall be applied concurrently. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Vcc Rx, Vcc1 and Vcc Tx may be internally connected within the QSFP28 transceiver module in any combination. The connector pins are each rated for a maximum current of 1000mA.

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Recommended Power Supply Filter



Digital Diagnostic Functions

As defined by the QSFP28 MSA, Ficer's QSFP28 transceivers provide digital diagnostic functions via a 2-wire serial interface, which allows real-time access to the following operating parameters:

- Transceiver temperature
- Laser bias current (4-Channel)
- Transmitted optical power (4-Channel)
- Received optical power (4-Channel)
- Transceiver supply voltage

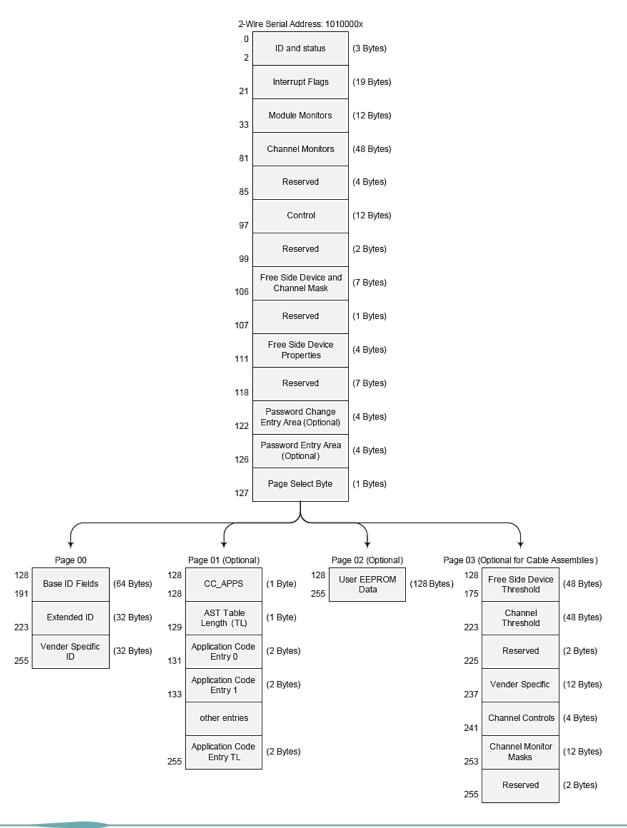
It also provides a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which may be used to alert end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory-set normal range.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Controller (DDC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through the 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL pin) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the QSFP28 transceiver into those segments of its memory map that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the QSFP28 transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA pin) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. The 2-wire serial interface provides sequential or random access to the 8 bit parameters, addressed from 000h to the maximum address of the memory.

For more detailed information including memory map definitions, please see the QSFP28 MSA Specification.

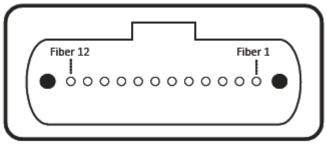
Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

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Optical Interface Lanes and Assignment



Outside view of the QSFP module MPO

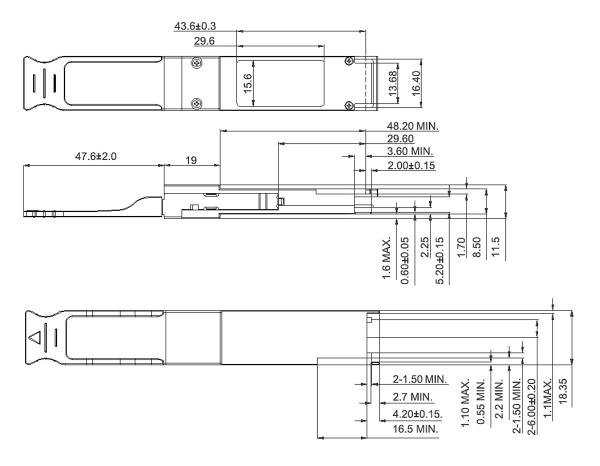
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Fiber #	Lane Assignment
1	Rx0
2	Rx1
3	Rx2
4	Rx3
5,6,7,8	Not used
9	Tx3
10	Tx2
11	Tx1
12	Tx0

lane assignment

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Mechanical Dimensions



(All Dimensions are ±0.20mm Unless Otherwise Specified, Unit: mm)

Ordering Information

Part No.	Tx	Rx	Link	DDM	Temp.
FQ28-K9-S13-02D	1310 nm	1310 nm	2km	Yes	0~70°C

Note1: Distances are indicative only. To calculate a more precise link budget based on specific conditions in your application, please refer to the optical characteristics.